

## 参考答案

### 第二章 能力提升篇

#### Test 1

一、【语篇导读】本文讲述了作者对摄影的看法。

1. but
2. anywhere
3. gift(s)
4. hours
5. allow
6. with
7. happens
8. meaningful
9. important
10. artist

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了一位雕塑家对自己作品的完美追求和对细节的关注。

1. He was making a sculpture.
2. Because the first one became damaged.
3. On the sculpture's nose.
4. The sculptor himself.
5. A high standard of excellence.

#### Test 2

一、【语篇导读】本文介绍了海洋中各种不同的声音,海底的声音就像动物园一样。

1. sound(s)
2. bottom
3. coming
4. Why
5. speak
6. knows
7. animals
8. surface
9. under
10. even

二、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了大量使用瓶装水虽然很便利但会引发各种环境问题。

1. Nearly 100 billion bottles of water.
2. Tap water that has been run through a filter.

3. Because it has been tested more carefully in most cities/the rules for bottled water are less strict.

4. Some go to landfills or are left behind, and some end up in oceans.

5. No, because people in some areas really need bottled water.

#### Test 3

一、【语篇导读】本文介绍了国际象棋棋后候逸凡。

1. similar
2. chess
3. coach
4. unsure
5. left
6. efforts
7. Although
8. with
9. attention
10. allow

二、【语篇导读】本文主要探讨了团队合作的重要性。

1. Three./3.
2. Its perfect teamwork.
3. Because teamwork reduces the stress.
4. They can learn latest ideas from newer members.
5. Yes. Because teamwork helps to increase efficiency and productivity. (开放型题目,言之有理即可)

#### Test 4

一、【语篇导读】本文介绍了一个旨在帮助贫困国家儿童的组织。

1. started
2. angry
3. compared
4. Education
5. advantages
6. raise

7. better 8. still 9. poor 10. couldn't

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了宋代茶艺——点茶及韩喆明为传播点茶文化所做出的努力。

1. In 2019.
2. His mother loves traditional culture and he has been influenced.
3. "Drawing" on the tea foam.
4. To spread dian cha culture.
5. By learning more and sharing it on social media platforms.

### Test 5

一、【语篇导读】本文介绍了中国明末清初著名的科学家宋应星和他的著作《天工开物》。

1. Chinese 2. scientist 3. while
4. failed 5. never 6. different
7. covered/covers 8. refused
9. final 10. works

二、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了金瑞瑞大学毕业后回到家乡为发展彝绣创办彝绣公司、促进彝绣发展、帮助家乡妇女提高收入的故事。

1. In Yunnan Province.
2. She chose to come back to her hometown.
3. They get little education, but they know local culture well.
4. Because of the local government's support and local people's hard work.
5. I think she is a great girl. /I think she is doing a meaningful thing. (开放型题目,言之有理即可)

### Test 6

一、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了关于消失的亚特兰蒂斯城的故事。

1. true 2. built 3. more 4. into
5. looked 6. natural 7. believed
8. similar 9. purpose 10. only

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了行程安排的概念及其益处。

1. Scheduling means setting a detailed, fixed time for an activity.
2. Scheduling can help us fill our timetable of the day, and it will turn the timetable into habits.
3. Reading. Because reading can help me broaden my horizons and increase my knowledge.

### Test 7

一、【语篇导读】在优秀翻译工作者的帮助下,中国文化作品开始走出国门,对世界产生重大影响。本文介绍了几部在西方广受欢迎的中国书籍和影视作品。

1. abroad 2. widely 3. how
4. choice 5. moved 6. famous
7. decided 8. another 9. example
10. managed

二、【语篇导读】本文节选自《汤姆叔叔的小屋》。

1. Tom felt happy.
2. Because he wanted freedom and control of his own life.
3. He tried to stop the fight.
4. No. We can know it from her answer.
5. He was a kind master who treated his slaves well.

### Test 8

一、【语篇导读】本文介绍了尘土的特点以及英语中一些与尘土有关的短语。

4. To hold a concert.
5. It makes folk music popular.

### Test 20

一、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了不同地区给孩子取名字的不同传统。

1. chosen 2. based 3. However
4. influence 5. connected 6. mean
7. role 8. decide 9. while 10. gift

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了图书馆的功能和现状,并鼓励学生去图书馆。

1. Because people prefer to use the Internet to find out information, rather than books.
2. Having poetry workshops/guitar lessons and listening to writers' talks about their books.
3. I would like to borrow some books about animals from the library because I want to learn more about endangered animals and protect them. (言之有理即可)

### Test 21

一、【语篇导读】本文介绍了中国的元宵节。

1. fact 2. means 3. enjoying
4. history 5. falls 6. colours
7. first 8. also 9. made
10. everything

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了规则和法律的定义、制定、作用以及它们之间的区别。

1. Washing dishes or cleaning rooms.
2. Teachers.
3. Because laws cannot be changed often.
4. The punishment for breaking them.
5. By following rules and laws.

### Test 22

一、【语篇导读】本文作者分享了和好朋友琳达之间的故事。

1. mine 2. sports 3. joined
4. became 5. common 6. beach
7. born 8. speak 9. difference
10. future

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了俞伯牙和钟子期“高山流水遇知音”的典故,表现了他们之间珍贵的友谊。

1. He was a great musician.
2. He took a boat. /By boat.
3. Surprised./He was surprised./He felt surprised.
4. The following year.
5. Because his best friend died./Because his friend passed away.

### Test 23

一、【语篇导读】本文介绍了位于中国扬州的大运河博物馆。

1. longest 2. cities 3. opened
4. shape 5. history 6. while
7. considered 8. how 9. through
10. museums

二、【语篇导读】保罗·奥斯特通过自己童年的一则棒球签名故事,阐述了随时做好准备的重要性,并鼓励读者找到自己的“铅笔”,即那些让他们准备好迎接机会的工具或技能。

1. A pencil.
2. He made it a habit to never leave his house without a pencil in his pocket.
3. I think it's helpful/it's a good idea. Because this habit helps him get

### Test 31

一、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了大雪节气以及雪对人们生活和农业的影响。

1. marks 2. During 3. Farmers
4. provide 5. skating 6. northern
7. common 8. usually 9. Though
10. drier

二、【语篇导读】使用电脑、手机和平板这样的科技产品会留下数字痕迹,本文说明了这些数字痕迹重要的原因,并告诫我们要注意保护隐私,注意上网安全。

1. When using technology.
2. Three.
3. Put out less information online.
4. Bank details, card numbers or passwords.
5. With care.

### Test 32

一、【语篇导读】本文介绍了中国人使用筷子的历史和种类,并将外国人使用刀叉与此进行比较。

1. Since 2. pick 3. divided
4. because 5. only 6. convenient
7. together 8. depending 9. way
10. number

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了中国传统艺术皮影戏的保护与传承。

1. In 2011.
2. Leathers from animals.
3. 5/Five.
4. Modern music, light as well as performing skills.
5. We can learn and promote traditional art. (言之有理即可)

### Test 33

一、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了中国古代手炉的起源、发展及其在古代生活中的广泛应用。

1. all 2. warm 3. tool 4. who
5. emperor 6. created 7. widely
8. recorded 9. shapes 10. inside

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了不同文化中送礼的习俗和传统的差异,以及在中国和美国这两个国家中送礼的具体做法和礼仪。

1. Different gift-giving customs and traditions.
2. Two/2(countries).
3. Clocks/Shoes/Umbrellas/Knives/  
Anything in groups of four/Anything in  
black or white.
4. In the same week.
5. I would use red/gold wrapping paper.  
(言之有理即可)

### Test 34

一、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了中国的传统艺术瑰宝——京剧。

1. national 2. developed 3. highly
4. types 5. main 6. known
7. through 8. itself 9. form
10. attention

二、【语篇导读】本文介绍了一个瑞典人向往中国、来到中国、最终留在中国的经历。

1. A Swedish teacher at Beijing Union  
University.
2. By using textbooks, heavy dictionaries  
and audio tapes.
3. In 2009.
4. Life in Beijing.

史、用途及其在现代中国的使用情况。

1. heat 2. sound 3. different
4. high 5. developed 6. common
7. round 8. birds 9. produced
10. poems

二、【语篇导读】本文是记者与“苏州大使”芬兰人艾哲罗的访谈记录。

1. For 24 years.
2. Because Zekro has worked closely with Suzhou government to introduce Suzhou to foreigners.
3. How to make new friends. Because friends are very important in our life.

### Test 39

一、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了动物之间的沟通方式。

1. safety 2. research 3. through
4. hear 5. ability 6. what
7. method 8. considered 9. examples
10. developed

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了著名德国作曲家贝多芬的生平、创作过程以及他如何在失聪后继续创作音乐的事迹。

1. When he was only four.
2. Vienna.
3. A great composer.
4. Losing his hearing.
5. Because he had a strong will./Because he didn't stop creating music.

### Test 40

一、【语篇导读】本文介绍了风靡全球的笑脸表情的由来及其发展现状。

1. because 2. needed 3. design
4. as 5. part 6. reached

7. proud 8. still 9. include

10. forgetting

二、【语篇导读】作者的孩子为了不让作者因离开充满回忆的房子而伤心,将记录他们成长的铅笔标记、名字和日期拍成一张照片作为礼物送给作者,这份充满爱与成长的礼物让作者永远珍惜。

1. A couple of weeks ago.
2. It is filled with old clothes( the children couldn't wear).
3. Because they recorded the way the children grew.
4. By taking photos of the pencil marks, names and dates and changing them into one photo./By taking photos of the traces and changing them into one photo./He took photos of the pencil marks, names and dates and changed them into one photo./He took photos of the traces and changed them into one photo.
5. Yes. Because it represents love and growth.

### Test 41

一、【语篇导读】本文是作者就如何开始高中生活给自己提出的一些建议。

1. worried 2. complete 3. difficult
4. habits 5. expected 6. avoid
7. part/period 8. wrong 9. best
10. learn

二、【语篇导读】本文介绍了云南省政协委员杨钰尼保护并传播哈尼族舞蹈的事迹。

1. In front of the Great Hall of the People.
2. Her endless efforts to spread and protect the traditional Hani culture.

### Test 45

一、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍并赏析了王维的诗《山居秋暝》，并指出唐诗是中国传统文化的瑰宝。

1. written
2. When
3. beginning
4. things
5. create
6. imagine
7. remain
8. simply
9. spirit
10. treasure

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了什么是头脑风暴以及进行头脑风暴活动时应注意的一些关键点。

1. It is a way to come up with new and smart ideas to solve difficult problems.
2. Because this can help the group to decide if an idea fits the goal.
3. By supporting each other's ideas and looking at their value and fit.
4. Yes, I do. Because we can come up with new and smart ideas in a brainstorming activity and it can help us face challenges, working together for a better and more creative future. / No, I don't. Because the ideas created may not be connected to the topic at hand, and sometimes we may get stuck in the details and fail to find the way to solve problems. (言之有理即可)

### Test 46

一、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了法国思想家伏尔泰，文中介绍了伏尔泰的早期生活及其哲学思想。

1. during
2. presents
3. Early
4. beginning
5. successfully
6. based
7. different
8. single
9. limited

10. leading
11. compared

二、【语篇导读】本文介绍了作者反思过度关注运动数据带来的负面影响，强调运动的目的是增强自信、提升生活质量，而非仅仅追求数字上的进步。

1. To keep a record of his running.
2. He forgot to consider what he achieved.
3. The writer felt completely tired out.
4. Building our confidence.
5. Feeling good about yourself is more important than feeling good about the numbers. Because exercise should improve our quality of life and feeling good about yourself is more motivating and sustainable.

### Test 47

一、【语篇导读】海洋生态学家格林意识到了珊瑚礁所面临的生存问题，呼吁人们行动起来保护它们。

1. young
2. look
3. alive
4. town
5. injured
6. way
7. numbers
8. prevent
9. kept
10. know

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了被列为国家级非物质文化遗产的中国传统艺术——内画。

1. They create works on the inner surface of the glass bottle.
2. They symbolize people's wishes for good luck and a happy life.
3. Limited market needs, a shortage of learners and talented artists to drive its development.
4. By making use of social media.
5. Yes, I'd love to take it. Because inner painting is a kind of traditional Chinese

art and patterns on the painting often symbolize people's wishes for good luck and a happy life. (言之有理即可)

### Test 48

一、【语篇导读】本文是一篇议论文,作者谈了自己对于人生经历的看法。

1. reason 2. instead 3. change
4. prefer 5. creates 6. still 7. joy
8. cycling 9. who 10. serious

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了科技如何使学校生活更简单和便捷。

1. A smart campus system.
2. By wearing smart earphones.
3. They can receive performance results immediately after each exercise.
3. By providing students with information about attendance records, courses, and class timetables.
4. Yes, I'd like to. Because it makes our studies more interesting and convenient. (言之有理即可)

## 第三章 模拟精练篇

### Test 49

一、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了美丽的扬州和著名的淮扬菜,并着重介绍了扬州的各种点心和茶水(茶点)。

1. ancient 2. record 3. developed
4. shapes 5. both 6. best
7. valuable 8. considered 9. been
10. its

二、【语篇导读】科学家预测未来机器人可能用于辅助教师授课,已有研究表明机器人在提高学习成果方面有效,中国已有

幼儿园开始使用 AI 机器人辅助教学。

1. About 200.
2. They are good at teaching vocabulary and numbers.
3. Yes. Because I think technology is developing quickly and the robots will become smarter and smarter. /No. Because besides knowledge, students also need to learn some skills and abilities which should be taught by teachers.

### Test 50

一、【语篇导读】本文讲述了养成好习惯的重要性以及如何养成好习惯。

1. create 2. include 3. action
4. habit 5. guard 6. reduces 7. so
8. achieve 9. idea 10. progress

二、【语篇导读】本文报道了一位 35 岁的外国音乐家因在网络上用上海方言分享自己的日常生活而走红的的事情。

1. He is a musician.
2. For his own practice purposes. /To practice the Shanghai dialect.
3. The heart of a local culture.
4. By speaking more and watching TV series. /He spoke more and watched TV series.
5. Promoting the Shanghai dialect.

### Test 51

一、【语篇导读】本文节选自小说《鲁滨孙漂流记》。

1. surprised 2. looked 3. hurried
4. forget 5. true 6. safe 7. build
8. place 9. experience 10. down

3. In a more life-like manner.
4. To show that they are alien, cold, or scary.
5. I think they are useful. (言之有理即可)

### Test 67

一、【语篇导读】本文主要讲述了情绪管理的重要性和方法。

1. future 2. harmful 3. fail
4. change 5. exactly 6. yourself
7. better 8. trust 9. hardly
10. expressing

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了为了防止一些地方方言消失,中国政府启动了汉语资源保护项目。

1. A few years ago.
2. In/From/On an online library.
3. A key to store local cultures.
4. The disappearing of dialects.
5. By creating digital tools./People can often speak dialects. (言之有理即可)

### Test 68

一、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了闰年和闰日的概念及其背后的原因。

1. special 2. travels 3. exactly
4. difference 5. out 6. longer
7. including 8. both 9. planning
10. snow

二、【语篇导读】本文主要向我们介绍了“到达谬误(arrival fallacy)”,这是一种错误的观念,即认为达到原定的目标就会给我们带来持久幸福的错觉。文章介绍了为什么有这种感觉以及如何解决。

1. It is the illusion that reaching our goals

will bring us lasting happiness.

2. He/She might feel empty and stressed(to achieve something new).
3. Because we might be overestimating the happiness that such achievements will bring.
4. It's just part of life.
5. We can set small but important goals that don't just "end"./We should enjoy the journey too—and not just the destination. (言之有理即可)

### Test 69

一、【语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文,主要讲述了“人民教育家”于漪的事迹。

1. But 2. whole 3. methods
4. excited 5. before 6. about
7. ideas 8. herself 9. taught
10. lives

二、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了吉米看到有语言障碍的丹尼被欺负时,他和朋友穿着和丹尼一样的衣服,来反对这样的行为。

1. The way he talked and the way he dressed.
2. Because he thought that bullying was not right. He wanted him to feel happy and safe and knew that anywhere he went he would be treated fairly by his friends.
3. I think it is wonderful. If I'm bullied, I will be brave and tell my teachers and parents. (言之有理即可)

### Test 70

一、【语篇导读】本文主要介绍了非语言交流及男女的不同表现形式。